

$$m > 0, f(x) = m \cdot \sqrt{-x^2 + 14x - 40}$$

(1)

$$-x^2 + 14x - 40 \geq 0$$

$$x = 4, x = 10$$

$$4 \leq x \leq 10$$

:

$$x = 0, x$$

$$y = 0, x$$

(2)

$$0 = m \cdot \sqrt{-x^2 + 14x - 40}$$

$$0 = -x^2 + 14x - 40$$

$$(4, 0), (10, 0)$$

$$(4, 0), (10, 0):$$

$$(4, 0), (10, 0):$$

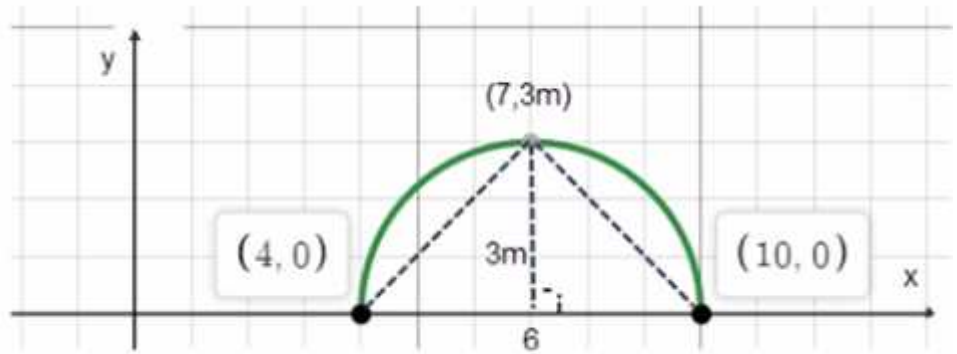
(3)

$$f'(x) = m \cdot \frac{-2x + 14}{2\sqrt{-x^2 + 14x - 40}}$$

$$0 = -2x + 14$$

$$x = 7 \rightarrow y = m \cdot \sqrt{-7^2 + 14 \cdot 7 - 40} = 3m \rightarrow (7, 3m)$$

$$(4, 0), (10, 0), (7, 3m)$$

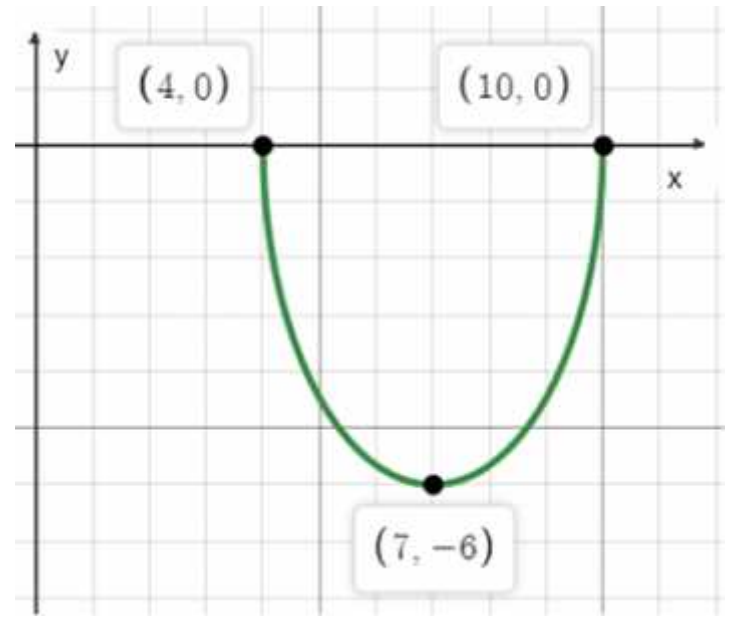


$$= 18$$

$$\frac{6 \cdot 3m}{2} = 18 \rightarrow m = 2$$

$$m = 2$$

$x -$, $g(x) = -f(x)$.
 $(7, 6)$ $f(x)$, $m = 2$,
 $(7, -6)$ $g(x)$
 $g'(x) = -f'(x)$:



$h(x) = g(x) + b$, $h(x) = -f(x) + b$.
 $x -$ -
 $b = 6 -$, $+b = 6$:
 $b = 6$:

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$$b > 0, f(x) = x^2 \cdot \sqrt{b-x}$$

$$f'(x) = 2x\sqrt{b-x} + x^2 \cdot \frac{-1}{2\sqrt{b-x}}$$

$$f'(0) = 2 \cdot 0 \cdot \sqrt{b-0} + 0^2 \cdot \frac{-1}{2\sqrt{b-0}}$$

$$f'(0) = 0 \quad \text{o.k.}$$

$$x = 0, \quad b > 0$$

$$f'(4) = 0, \quad x = 4$$

$$0 = 2 \cdot 4 \cdot \sqrt{b-4} + 4^2 \cdot \frac{-1}{2\sqrt{b-4}}$$

$$0 = 8(b-4) - 8 \quad /:8$$

$$0 = b - 4 - 1$$

$$\boxed{b=5}$$

$$b = 5 :$$

$$f(x) = x^2 \cdot \sqrt{5-x} \quad b = 5$$

$$(1)$$

$$5-x \geq 0$$

$$\boxed{x \leq 5}$$

$$x \leq 5 :$$

$$y = 0 : \quad x - \quad (3)$$

$$0 = x^2 \cdot \sqrt{5-x}$$

$$x^2 = 0 \rightarrow x = 0 \rightarrow (0, 0)$$

$$\sqrt{5-x} = 0 \rightarrow 5-x = 0 \rightarrow x = 5 \rightarrow (5, 0)$$

$$(0, 0), y -$$

$$(0, 0), (5, 0) :$$

, (5, 0) : **(2,4)**

$$f'(x) = 2x\sqrt{5-x} + x^2 \cdot \frac{-1}{2\sqrt{5-x}}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{4x(5-x) - x^2}{2\sqrt{5-x}}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{20x - 4x^2 - x^2}{2\sqrt{5-x}}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{-5x^2 + 20x}{2\sqrt{5-x}}$$

$$0 = -5x^2 + 20x$$

$$0 = 5x(-x + 4)$$

$$x = 0 \rightarrow (0, 0)$$

$$x = 4 \rightarrow f(4) = 4^2 \cdot \sqrt{5-4} = 16 \rightarrow (4, 16)$$

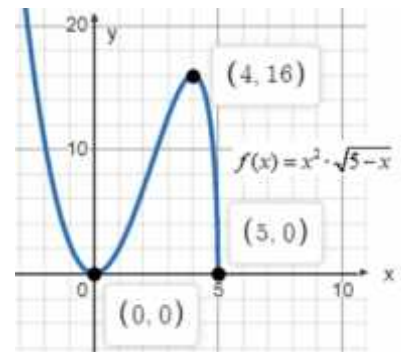
.($x < 5$)

$$f'(-1) = \frac{-}{+} < 0, \quad f'(1) = \frac{+}{+} > 0, \quad f'(4.5) = \frac{-}{+} < 0$$

x		0		4		5
$f(x)$		0		16		0
$f'(x)$	-	0	+		-	
	↘	Min	↗	Max	↘	

(0, 0) , (4, 16) , (5, 0) :**(2)**

. $x < 0$ $4 < x < 5$: , $0 < x < 4$: :**(4)**



. $f(x)$, $k > 0$, $f(x) - k$.

, 16 , $x -$

. $x -$

. $k > 16$:

$$f'(x) = \frac{-5x^2 + 20x}{2\sqrt{5-x}} \quad f'(x),$$

$$(x=5) \quad x < 5 \quad (1)$$

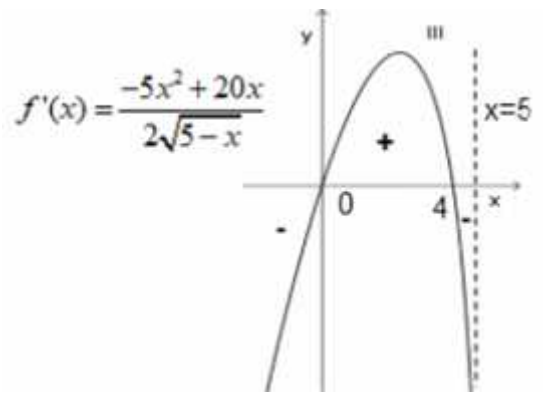
$$x=5, \quad x=5 \quad f'(x) \quad (2)$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \quad (2) \quad (3)$$

$$(0,0) - (4,0) : f'(x) \quad (4)$$

$$0 < x < 4 : f(x) \quad , f'(x) \quad (5)$$

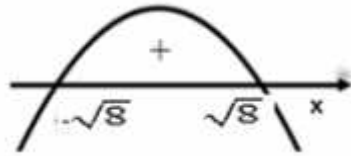
$$x < 0 \quad 4 < x < 5 : f(x) \quad , f'(x) \quad (6)$$



.III :

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.()

$$f(x) = 2x \cdot \sqrt{8-x^2}$$

$$8-x^2 \geq 0$$

$$x = -\sqrt{8}, x = \sqrt{8}$$

$$-\sqrt{8} \leq x \leq \sqrt{8} :$$

$$y = 0 : x -$$

$$0 = 2x \cdot \sqrt{8-x^2}$$

$$2x = 0 \rightarrow x = 0 \rightarrow (0, 0)$$

$$\sqrt{8-x^2} = 0 \rightarrow 8-x^2 = 0 \rightarrow x = \pm\sqrt{8-x^2} \rightarrow (-\sqrt{8}, 0), (\sqrt{8}, 0)$$

$$(0, 0), y -$$

$$(-\sqrt{8}, 0), (0, 0), (\sqrt{8}, 0) :$$

$$(-\sqrt{8}, 0), (\sqrt{8}, 0) :$$

$$f'(x) = 2\sqrt{8-x^2} + 2x \cdot \frac{-2x}{\sqrt{8-x^2}}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{2(8-x^2) - 2x^2}{\sqrt{8-x^2}}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{16 - 2x^2 - 2x^2}{2\sqrt{8-x^2}}$$

$$\boxed{f'(x) = \frac{-4x^2 + 16}{2\sqrt{8-x^2}}}$$

$$0 = -4x^2 + 16 \quad /:4$$

$$x^2 = 4$$

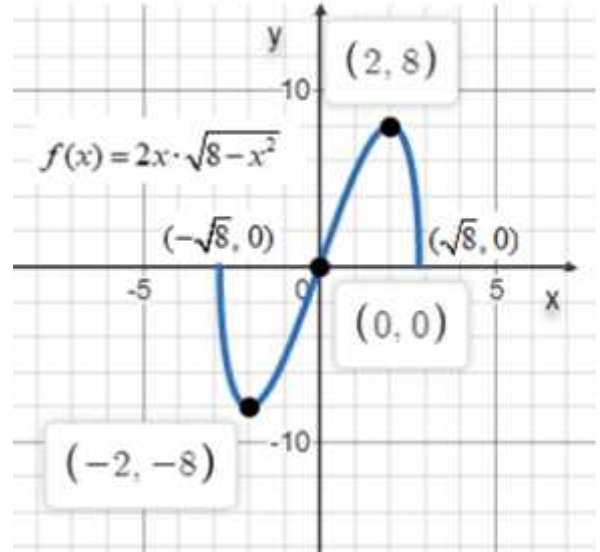
$$x = 2 \rightarrow f(2) = 2 \cdot 2\sqrt{8-2^2} = 8 \rightarrow \boxed{(2, 8)}$$

$$x = -2 \rightarrow f(-2) = 2 \cdot (-2)\sqrt{8-(-2)^2} = -8 \rightarrow \boxed{(-2, -8)}$$

x	$-\sqrt{8}$		-2		2		$\sqrt{8}$
$f(x)$	0		-8		8		0
$f'(x)$		-		+		-	
	Max	↘	Min	↗	Max	↘	Min

$(-\sqrt{8}, 0)$, $(-2, -8)$, $(2, 8)$, $(\sqrt{8}, 0)$: ()

$-\sqrt{8} < x < -2$ $2 < x < \sqrt{8}$: , $-2 < x < 2$: : ()



$c > 0$, $c < 0$, $f(x)$, $f(x) + c$.
 - , x -
 . x -
 . $c = -8$, $c = 8$:

$$f'(x) = \frac{-4x^2 + 16}{2\sqrt{8-x^2}} \quad f'(x),$$

$$(x = \pm\sqrt{8}) \quad -\sqrt{8} < x < \sqrt{8} \quad (1)$$

$$x = -\sqrt{8} \quad x = \sqrt{8} \quad , x = \pm\sqrt{8} \quad f'(x) \quad (2)$$

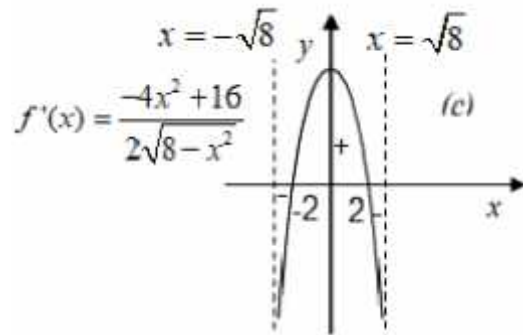
$$(1) \quad (2) \quad (3)$$

$$(-2, 0) \quad (2, 0) : f'(x) \quad (4)$$

$$-2 < x < 2 : f(x) \quad , f'(x) \quad (5)$$

$$-\sqrt{8} < x < 2 \quad 2 < x < \sqrt{8} : f(x) \quad , f'(x) \quad (6)$$

$$y \quad , \quad f'(x) = \frac{-4x^2 + 16}{2\sqrt{8-x^2}} \quad (7)$$



(c) :

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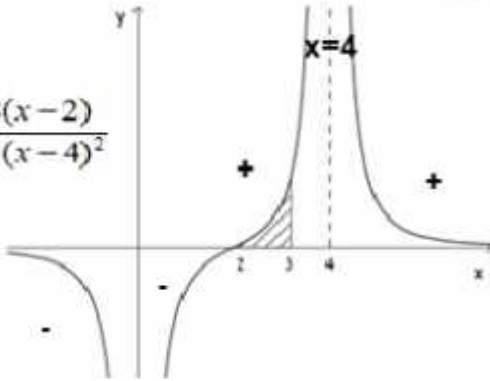
$f(x)$ $f'(x) = \frac{8(x-b)}{x^2(x-c)^2}$

$x \neq 0, 4$:

$x = 4$, $x = 4$:

$4 - c = 0 \rightarrow \boxed{c = 4}$

$f'(x) = \frac{8(x-2)}{x^2(x-4)^2}$



$f'(2) = 0$

$0 = \frac{8(2-b)}{2^2(2-c)^2} \rightarrow \boxed{b = 2}$

$b = 2$, $c = 4$:

$f'(x) = \frac{8(x-2)}{x^2(x-4)^2}$:

$b = 2$, $c = 4$

$x < 0$, $0 < x < 2$: , $2 < x < 4$, $x > 4$:

($x < 2, x \neq 0$: , $x > 2, x \neq 4$:

$f(x)$

$x < 0$, $0 < x < 2 : f(x)$, $2 < x < 4$, $x > 4 : f(x)$ ()

(()) $x = 2$ ()

$$\cdot \frac{1}{3}$$

$$, (a \neq 1) f(x) = \frac{a}{x(a-x)} : .$$

$$\int_2^3 (f'(x) - 0) dx = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$f(x) \Big|_2^3 = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{a}{3(a-3)} - \frac{a}{2(a-2)} = \frac{1}{3} \quad / \cdot 6(a-2)(a-3)$$

$$2a(a-2) - 3a(a-3) = 2(a-2)(a-3)$$

$$2a^2 - 4a - 3a^2 + 9a = 2(a^2 - 3a - 2a + 6)$$

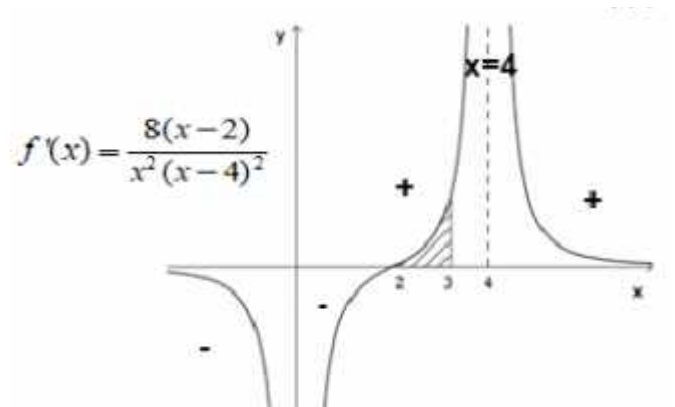
$$-a^2 + 5a = 2a^2 - 6a - 4a + 12$$

$$0 = 3a^2 - 15a + 12 = 0$$

$$\boxed{a=4} \quad o.k$$

$$\cancel{a=1} \quad \leftarrow a \neq 1$$

$$. a = 4$$



$(-4, 0)$,

$$g(x) = \frac{(x+4)^2}{32}$$

$x \geq -4$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x+4}$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x+4} \quad (ii)$$

$$g(x) = \frac{(x+4)^2}{32} \quad (i)$$

$x = 0$, (i) (ii) , $f(0) = \sqrt{0+4} = 2 > g(0) = \frac{(0+4)^2}{32} = \frac{1}{2}$:

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x+4} \quad (ii) \quad , \quad g(x) = \frac{(x+4)^2}{32} \quad (i) \quad :$$

.DC

$x_A < x < x_B$,

x_B x_A , 0 DC ,

$x_D = x_C = t$, x - DC , $x_C = t$

. - $C(t, \sqrt{t+4})$:

$$DC = y_C - y_D =$$

$$DC = \sqrt{t+4} - \frac{(t+4)^2}{32}$$

$$DC = \sqrt{t+4} - \frac{(t+4)^2}{32}$$

$$(DC)' = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{t+4}} - \frac{2(t+4) \cdot 1}{32}$$

$$(DC)' = \frac{16 - 2(t+4)\sqrt{t+4}}{32\sqrt{t+4}}$$

$$0 = 16 - 2(t+4)\sqrt{t+4}$$

$$2(t+4)\sqrt{t+4} = 16 \quad /:2$$

$$(t+4)\sqrt{t+4} = 8 \quad \boxed{m = \sqrt{t+4}}$$

$$m^2 \cdot m = 8$$

$$m^3 = 8$$

$$m = 2 \rightarrow 2 = \sqrt{t+4} \rightarrow 4 = t+4 \rightarrow \boxed{t=0}$$

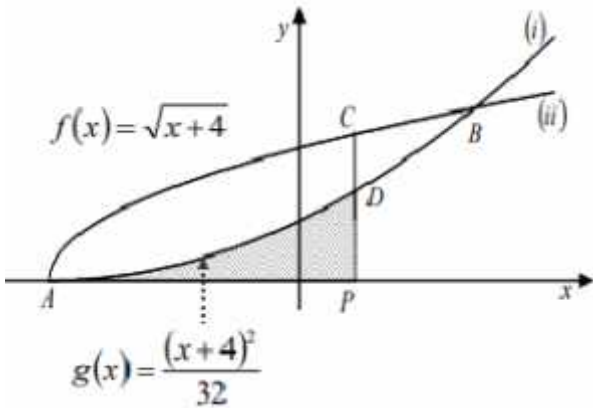
. DC ,

$$DC(x_A) = DC(-4) = 0 \quad , \quad DC(0) = \sqrt{0+4} - \frac{(0+4)^2}{32} = 1.5 \quad , \quad DC(x_B) = 0$$

max

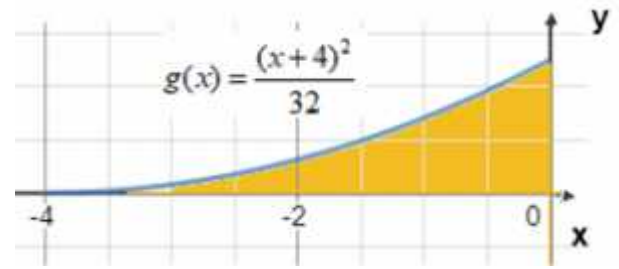
.1.5 DC :

"



$$\cdot x_p = x_D = x_C = 0$$

DC



$$\int_{-4}^0 \left(\frac{(x+4)^2}{32} - 0 \right) dx = \left. \frac{(x+4)^3}{3 \cdot 32} \right]_{-4}^0$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} x=0: \frac{(0+4)^3}{96} = \frac{2}{3} \\ x=-4: \frac{(-4+4)^3}{96} = 0 \end{array} \right\} S = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\cdot \text{ " } \frac{2}{3} \text{ :}$$

.x ΔABC .

, ∠ABC = 90°

∠ABD = ∠BCD , ∠CBD = ∠A , ∠ABD = 90° - ∠A

. BD

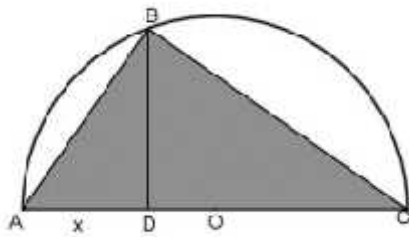
(1)

. $BD = \sqrt{12x - x^2}$. , $BD^2 = x(12 - x)$

.() ΔABD ~ ΔBCD (2)

. $BD^2 = AD \cdot CD = x(12 - x)$, $\frac{AB}{BC} = \frac{AD}{BD} = \frac{BD}{CD}$

. $BD = \sqrt{12x - x^2}$. , $BD^2 = x(12 - x)$



$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \Delta ABD: \tan \angle ABD = \frac{AD}{BD} \\ \Delta BDC: \tan \angle BCD = \frac{BD}{DC} \end{array} \right\} \frac{AD}{BD} = \frac{BD}{DC} \rightarrow BD^2 = AD \cdot CD \leftarrow \angle ABD = \angle BCD \text{ (3)}$$

. $BD = \sqrt{12x - x^2}$. , $BD^2 = x(12 - x)$

$$S_{\Delta ABC} = \frac{AC \cdot BD}{2} = \frac{12 \cdot \sqrt{12x - x^2}}{2}$$

$$\boxed{S_{\Delta ABC} = 6\sqrt{12x - x^2}}$$

. $S_{\Delta ABC} = 6\sqrt{12x - x^2}$:

$$0 < x < 12$$

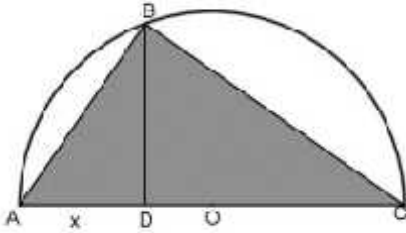
ΔABC

$$S = \frac{1}{2} \cdot AC \cdot h \quad (1)$$

$x = OA = 6$, $h = 6$, $AC = 12$

ΔABC

(2)



$$S = 6\sqrt{12x - x^2}$$

$$S' = 6 \cdot \frac{12 - 2x}{2\sqrt{12x - x^2}}$$

$$S' = \frac{3(12 - 2x)}{\sqrt{12x - x^2}}$$

$$0 = 12 - 2x$$

$$2x = 12$$

$$x = 6$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} S'(5) = \frac{+}{+} > 0 \\ S'(7) = \frac{-}{+} < 0 \end{array} \right\} x = 6, \text{max}$$

ΔABC , $x = 6$:

$$S = \frac{f R^2}{2} = \frac{f \cdot 6^2}{2} = 18f$$

$$S = \frac{AC \cdot h}{2} = \frac{12 \cdot 6}{2} = 36$$

$$18f - 36 \sim 20.55$$