

.NA - MB

$P(x, y)$

$, x^2 + y^2 = 25$

$M(x_0, y_0)$

(1).

.N(x_0, -y_0)

, x -

$y_N = -y_M = -x_0$

, x -

MN

.B(-5, 0), A(5, 0)

, 5

$$m_{NA} = \frac{y_N - y_A}{x_N - x_A} = \frac{-y_0 - 0}{x_0 - 5} = \frac{-y_0}{x_0 - 5}$$

$$m_{MB} = \frac{y_M - y_B}{x_M - x_B} = \frac{y_0 - 0}{x_0 - (-5)} = \frac{y_0}{x_0 + 5}$$

$$y - 0 = \frac{-y_0}{x_0 - 5}(x - 5)$$

$$y - 0 = \frac{y_0}{x_0 + 5}(x - (-5))$$

$$\boxed{NA \equiv y = \frac{-y_0}{x_0 - 5}x + \frac{5y_0}{x_0 - 5}}$$

$$\boxed{MB \equiv y = \frac{y_0}{x_0 + 5}x + \frac{5y_0}{x_0 + 5}}$$

.NA $\equiv y = \frac{-y_0}{x_0 - 5}x + \frac{5y_0}{x_0 - 5}$, MB $\equiv y = \frac{y_0}{x_0 + 5}x + \frac{5y_0}{x_0 + 5}$:

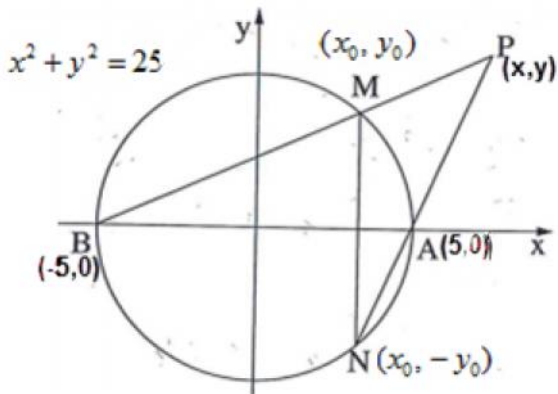
. $y^2 = x^2 - 25$

$P(x, y)$

(2)

, x, y

$M(x_0, y_0)$



$$P \begin{cases} y = \frac{y_0}{x_0 + 5}x + \frac{5y_0}{x_0 + 5} \\ y = \frac{-y_0}{x_0 - 5}x + \frac{5y_0}{x_0 - 5} \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{y_0}{x_0 + 5}x + \frac{5y_0}{x_0 + 5} = \frac{-y_0}{x_0 - 5}x + \frac{5y_0}{x_0 - 5} \quad /: y_0 \neq 0$$

$$\frac{x}{x_0 + 5} + \frac{5}{x_0 + 5} = \frac{-x}{x_0 - 5} + \frac{5}{x_0 - 5} \quad / \cdot (x_0 + 5)(x_0 - 5)$$

$$x(x_0 - 5) + x(x_0 + 5) = -5(x_0 - 5) + 5(x_0 + 5)$$

$$2x_0 = 50 \rightarrow \boxed{x = \frac{25}{x_0}}, \boxed{x_0 = \frac{25}{x}}$$

$$y = \frac{y_0}{x_0 + 5}x + \frac{5y_0}{x_0 + 5} \rightarrow y = \frac{y_0(x + 5)}{x_0 + 5}$$

$$y = \frac{y_0(x + 5)}{\frac{25}{x} + 5} \rightarrow y = \frac{xy_0(x + 5)}{25 + 5x}$$

$$y = \frac{xy_0}{5} \rightarrow \boxed{y_0 = \frac{5y}{x}}$$

$$\left(\frac{25}{x}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{5y}{x}\right)^2 = 25 : \quad M\left(\frac{25}{x}, \frac{5y}{x}\right)$$

$$y^2 = x^2 - 25 : \quad 25 + y^2 = x^2 : \quad \frac{625}{x^2} + \frac{25y^2}{x^2} = 25 \quad /: \frac{25}{x^2} :$$

.

$$m_{NA} = m_{PA} - m_{MB} = m_{PB} :$$

$P(s, t)$

$$m_{MB} = m_{PB}$$

$$\frac{y_M - 0}{x_M - (-5)} = \frac{t - 0}{s - (-5)} \rightarrow \frac{y_M}{x_M + 5} = \frac{t}{s + 5}$$

$$m_{NA} = m_{PA}$$

$$\frac{-y_M - 0}{x_M - 5} = \frac{t - 0}{s - 5} \rightarrow \frac{-y_M}{x_M - 5} = \frac{t}{s - 5}$$

:

$$\frac{x_M - 5}{x_M + 5} = \frac{s - 5}{s + 5}$$

$$-sx_M - 5x_M + 5s + 25 = sx_M + 5s - 5x_M - 25$$

$$-2sx_M = -50$$

$$x_M = \frac{25}{s} \rightarrow \dots y_M = \frac{5t}{s}$$

$$M\left(\frac{25}{s}, \frac{5t}{s}\right)$$

$$A(5, 0) - N(0, -5), B(-5, 0), M(0, 5) :$$

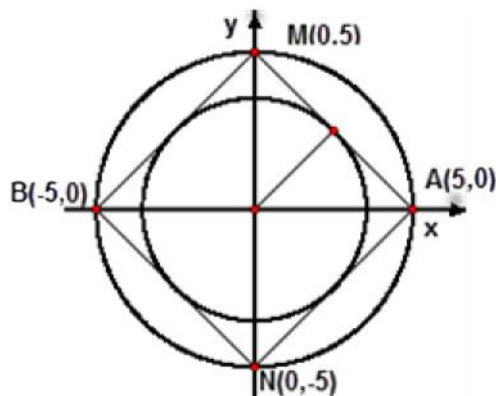
MBNA .

MA

$$m_{MA} = \frac{5 - 0}{0 - 5} = -1$$

$$x + y - 5 = 0 :$$

$$y = -x + 5 \quad MA$$



$$d_{OMA} = \frac{|0 + 0 - 5|}{\sqrt{1^2 + 1^2}} = \frac{5}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{5\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\frac{5\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

:

. $A(-10,3,11)$, $B(-2,-5,-5)$, $C(1,1,1)$:

. $\overline{CD} \cdot \overline{AB} = 0$ $\overline{CD} \perp \overline{AB}$, $CD \perp AB$

. $\ell_{AB} = \underline{x} = (-10, 3, 11) + t(1, -1, -2)$:

. $\overline{AB} = \underline{B} - \underline{A} = \underline{x} = (8, -8, -16)$

. $(-10+t, 3-t, 11-2t)$:

. $\overline{CD} = \underline{D} - \underline{C} = \underline{x} = (-11+t, 2-t, 10-2t)$

$(-11+t, 2-t, 10-2t) \cdot (1, -1, -2) = 0$

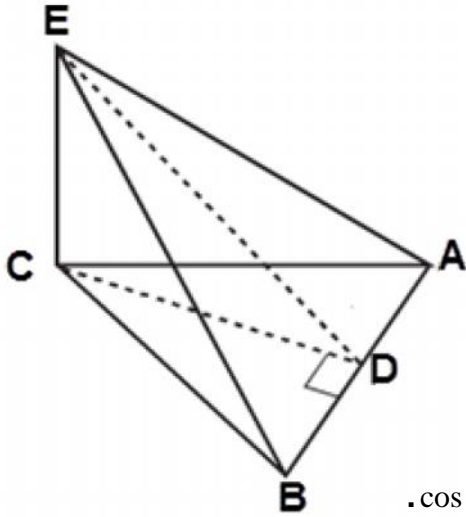
$-33+6t = 0$

$t = 5.5$

$\underline{D} = \underline{A} + 5.5(1, -1, -2) = (-4.5, -2.5, 0)$

. $D(-4.5, -2.5, 0)$:

. $E(-1, 5, -2)$:



. $\cos \sphericalangle(\overline{CE}, \overline{AB}) = \frac{|\overline{CE} \cdot \overline{AB}|}{|\overline{CE}| |\overline{AB}|}$:

, $AB \perp CE$ (1)

. $\overline{CE} = \underline{E} - \underline{C} = \underline{x} = (-2, 4, -3)$

$\overline{CE} \cdot \overline{AB} = (-2, 4, -3) \cdot (1, -1, -2)$

$\overline{CE} \cdot \overline{AB} = -2 - 4 + 6 = 0$

. $\overline{CE} \perp \overline{AB}$

. 90° :

. $\cos \sphericalangle(\overline{CE}, \overline{BC}) = \frac{|\overline{CE} \cdot \overline{BC}|}{|\overline{CE}| |\overline{BC}|}$:

, $BC \perp CE$ (2)

. $\overline{BC} = \underline{C} - \underline{B} = \underline{x} = (3, 6, 6)$

$\overline{CE} \cdot \overline{BC} = (-2, 4, -3) \cdot (3, 6, 6)$

$\overline{CE} \cdot \overline{BC} = -6 + 24 - 18 = 0$

. $\overline{CE} \perp \overline{BC}$

. 90° :

. ABC

,

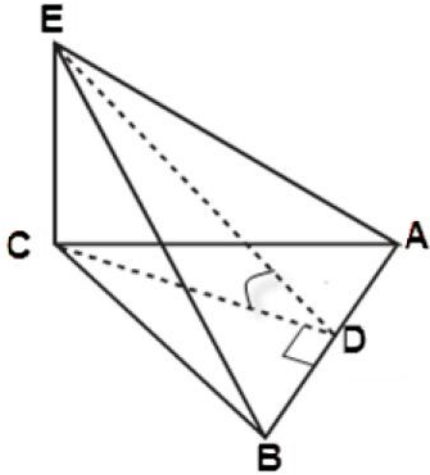
, ABC

. $CE \perp$ (3)

. 90° :

.ABC (ED)

,∠EDC ABC ED .



CE (3)

$$\overline{ED} = \underline{D} - \underline{E} = \underline{x} = (-3.5, -7.5, 2)$$

$$\sin \angle EDC = \frac{|\overline{ED} \cdot \overline{EC}|}{|\overline{ED}| |\overline{EC}|}$$

$$\sin \angle EDC = \frac{(-3.5, -7.5, 2) \cdot (2, -4, 3)}{|(-3.5, -7.5, 2)| |(2, -4, 3)|}$$

$$\sin \angle EDC = \frac{-7 + 30 + 6}{\sqrt{(-3.5)^2 + (-7.5)^2 + 2^2} \sqrt{2^2 + (-4)^2 + 3^2}} = \frac{29}{\sqrt{72.5} \sqrt{29}}$$

$$\angle EDC = 39.23^\circ$$

. 39.23°

:

$z = x + yi$

$|z|i + 2z = \sqrt{3}$

$|x + yi|i + 2(x + yi) = \sqrt{3}$

$\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}i + 2x + 2yi = \sqrt{3}$

$R: 2x = \sqrt{3} \rightarrow x = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

$I: \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} + 2y = 0 \rightarrow \sqrt{(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2})^2 + y^2} = -2y \quad ()^2$

$\frac{3}{4} + y^2 = 4y^2 \rightarrow y = \pm \frac{1}{2}$

$\sqrt{(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2})^2 + (\frac{1}{2})^2} = -2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow 1 \neq -1 \rightarrow \text{not o.k.}$

$\sqrt{(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2})^2 + (-\frac{1}{2})^2} = -2 \cdot (-\frac{1}{2}) \rightarrow 1 = 1 \rightarrow \text{o.k.} \rightarrow \boxed{z = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} - \frac{1}{2}i}$

$z = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} - \frac{1}{2}i :$

$z_1 = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} - \frac{1}{2}i$

$z_2 = 1$

$z_3 = z_2$

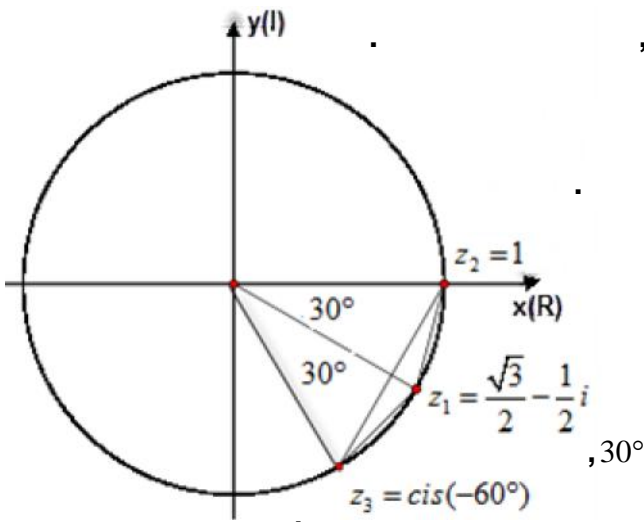
$R = 1$

$\tan_{z_1} = \frac{-1/2}{\sqrt{3}/2} = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$

$\theta = -30^\circ + 180^\circ k$

$z_1 = \text{cis}(-30^\circ) \leftarrow 4\text{th quadrant}$

$z_1 = \text{cis}(-30^\circ)$



$z_3 = \text{cis}(-60^\circ)$

60°

z_3

$w = z_1 \cdot z_2 \cdot z_3 = \text{cis}(-30^\circ) \cdot 1 \cdot \text{cis}(-60^\circ) = \text{cis}(-90^\circ) = -i$

$w + w^2 + w^3 + w^4 + \dots + w^{4n}$

$4n$

$-i$

$-i$

$S_{4n} = \frac{-i((-i)^{4n} - 1)}{-i - 1} = \frac{-i(((-i)^4)^n - 1)}{-i - 1} = \frac{-i(1^n - 1)}{-i - 1} = \frac{-i(1 - 1)}{-i - 1} = 0$

0

$:$

"

$$g(2) = -\frac{3}{4} \ln 2$$

$$(m) f(x) = \sqrt{2^{x-m} + 2^{m-x}}$$

$$g(x) = f'(x)f(x) :$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{2^{x-m} \ln 2 - 2^{m-x} \ln 2}{2\sqrt{2^{x-m} + 2^{m-x}}}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{2^{x-m} - 2^{m-x}}{2\sqrt{2^{x-m} + 2^{m-x}}} \cdot \ln 2$$

$$g(x) = \sqrt{2^{x-m} + 2^{m-x}} \cdot \frac{2^{x-m} - 2^{m-x}}{2\sqrt{2^{x-m} + 2^{m-x}}} \cdot \ln 2$$

$$g(x) = \frac{2^{x-m} - 2^{m-x}}{2} \cdot \ln 2$$

$$g(x) \quad x=2, \quad y = -\frac{3}{4} \ln 2 :$$

$$-\frac{3}{4} \ln 2 = \frac{2^{2-m} - 2^{m-2}}{2} \cdot \ln 2$$

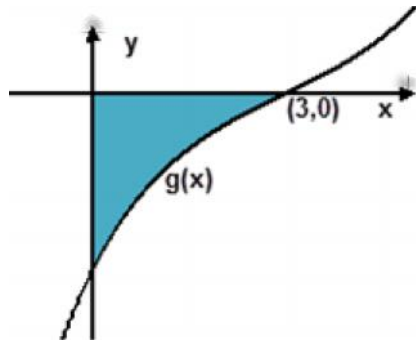
$$-1.5 = 2^{2-m} - \frac{1}{2^{2-m}} \quad \boxed{2^{2-m} = t}$$

$$t^2 + 1.5t - 1 = 0$$

$$t_1 = \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow 2^{2-m} = 2^{-1} \rightarrow \boxed{m=3}$$

$$t_2 = -2 \rightarrow 2^{2-m} = -2 \rightarrow \emptyset$$

$$g(x) = \frac{2^{x-3} - 2^{3-x}}{2} \cdot \ln 2 \quad f(x) = \sqrt{2^{x-3} + 2^{3-x}} :$$



$$(3, 0) - 2^{x-3} = 2^{3-x}, \quad g(x) = 0$$

.()

$$S = \int_0^3 (0 - f(x) \cdot f'(x)) dx$$

$$S = -\left. \frac{(f(x))^2}{2} \right|_0^3$$

$$x = 3: -f(3) = -\frac{2^{3-3} + 2^{3-3}}{2} = -1$$

$$x = 0: -f(0) = -\frac{2^{0-3} + 2^{3-0}}{2} = -\frac{65}{16}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} x = 3: -f(3) = -\frac{2^{3-3} + 2^{3-3}}{2} = -1 \\ x = 0: -f(0) = -\frac{2^{0-3} + 2^{3-0}}{2} = -\frac{65}{16} \end{array} \right\} S = -1 - \left(-\frac{65}{16}\right) = \boxed{3\frac{1}{16}}$$

$$. 3\frac{1}{16}$$

:

$$f'(x) = \frac{\ln(-x) + 2}{x}$$

$$x < 0 : \quad -x > 0, \quad \ln -x < 0$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{\ln(-x) + 2}{x}$$

$$f''(x) = \frac{-1 \cdot x - (\ln(-x) + 2)}{x^2}$$

$$f''(x) = \frac{1 - \ln(-x) - 2}{x^2}$$

$$f''(x) = \frac{-1 - \ln(-x)}{x^2}$$

$$\ln(-x) = -1$$

$$-x = \frac{1}{e}$$

$$x = -\frac{1}{e} \sim -0.36$$

$$f''(-0.4) < 0, \quad f''(-0.3) > 0 \rightarrow \text{Min}$$

$$f'(-\frac{1}{e}) = \frac{\ln(\frac{1}{e}) + 2}{-1/e} = -e \rightarrow \left(-\frac{1}{e}, -e\right), \text{Min}$$

$$\left(-\frac{1}{e}, -e\right), \text{Min} :$$

$$f(x)$$

$$f'(x) = 0 \rightarrow \ln(-x) + 2 = 0$$

$$\ln(-x) = -2$$

$$-x = \frac{1}{e^2}$$

$$x = -\frac{1}{e^2} \sim -0.14$$

$$f'(-0.2) < 0, \quad f'(-0.1) > 0 \rightarrow x = -\frac{1}{e^2}, \text{Min}$$

$$x = -\frac{1}{e^2}, \text{Min} :$$

$$g(x) = -\frac{1}{f'(x)}$$

$$0 - f'(x) g(x) \quad (1)$$

$$x < 0, f(x), f'(x)$$

$$x = -\frac{1}{e^2}, f'(x) = 0$$

$$x \neq -\frac{1}{e^2}, x < 0, g(x) :$$

$$, g(x) \quad (2)$$

$$g'(x) = -\frac{-f''(x)}{(f'(x))^2}$$

$$g'(x) = \frac{f''(x)}{(f'(x))^2} = \frac{f''(x)}{+}$$

$$x = -\frac{1}{e}$$

$$g\left(-\frac{1}{e}\right) = -\frac{1}{f'(-1/e)} = -\frac{1}{-e} = \frac{1}{e}$$

$$\left(-\frac{1}{e}, \frac{1}{e}\right), \text{Min} :$$